

Evaluation of Dietary Supplements for Inborn Errors of Metabolism

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Paul M. Coates, Ph.D.
Office of Dietary Supplements
National Institutes of Health
Department of Health and Human Services



Overview



Evening Primrose

Oenothera biennis

- A Brief History of (Dietary Supplement) Time
- Office of Dietary Supplements (ODS)
- Issues in Dietary Supplement Research
- Dietary Supplements and Inborn Errors

Dietary Supplement: DSHEA Definition

- Product intended to supplement the diet
- Contains one or more of the following:
 - Vitamin
 - Mineral
 - Herb or other botanical (not tobacco)
 - Amino acid
 - Other dietary substance



Regulation of Dietary Supplements in the United States

Rules for foods, *not drugs*, apply to dietary supplements

An ingredient is presumed safe based on its history of use in humans



Top 10 Dietary Supplements for 2006

Multivitamins/minerals

Calcium

B vitamins

Vitamin C

Glucosamine/Chondroitin

Fish oils

Vitamin E

Coenzyme Q10

Vitamin A

Probiotics

Nutrition Business Journal



ODS Mission Is to Strengthen Knowledge and Understanding of Dietary Supplements

- Evaluate Scientific Information
- Stimulate and Support Research
- Disseminate Research Results
- Educate the Public to Foster an Enhanced Quality of Life and Health for U.S. Population



Echinacea purpurea

ODS Evidence-Based Review Program

- Systematic review of the literature, with meta-analysis as appropriate, on DS efficacy and safety
- Most in collaboration with the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ)
 Evidence-Based Practice Center Network
- Major reason for conducting these reviews is to assist NIH in the development of research agendas



ODS Evidence-Based Review Program

- Chromium and insulin sensitivity*
- Ephedra for weight management and athletic performance enhancement* (with NCCAM)
- Omega-3 fatty acids for cardiovascular disease prevention* (with NHLBI) and other health indications
- Health effects of soy (with NCCAM)
- Antioxidant phytochemicals/B vitamins and neurodegenerative diseases*(with NCCAM)
- Multivitamins/multiminerals and chronic disease prevention (with OMAR)
- Coagulation, diet, and dietary supplements
- Health effects of vitamin D (with multiple partners)

Evidence

- Pre-Clinical
- Ecologic
- Observational
- Cohort
- Intervention
- RCT



Health Effects of Omega-3 Fatty Acids

- Asthma
- Cancer
- Cardiovascular Disease
- Cardiovascular Disease Risk Factors
- Arrhythmogenic Mechanisms
- Child and Maternal Health
- Cognitive Function
- Eye Health
- Type II Diabetes, Rheumatoid Arthritis, and Other Diseases
- Mental Health
- Organ Transplantation



Omega-3 Fatty Acids, cont.

- Exposures
 - EPA, DHA, ALA
 - Dietary supplements and foods (fish and vegetable oils)
- Studies
 - CVD > child/maternal health > mental health
 - Fish oil > Fish diets> ALA
 - 4 good quality; 4 poor quality



Omega-3 Fatty Acids, cont.

- Evidence generally inconclusive
 - Paucity of high quality studies
 - Heterogeneity of interventions
 - Conflicting findings
- Secondary prevention of CVD
 - Evidence → health benefit of fish oil/fish
- Adverse events
 - Appear to be minor
 - Only 1/3 had information
 - Incomplete and inadequate reporting



Omega-3 Fatty Acids Research Priorities

- NHLBI Workshop
 - Need for primary prevention studies
 - Fish oil and ALA supplements
- NIEHS Workshop
 - Prevention trial to assess impact on asthma and allergy during pregnancy and infancy



Rationale for DS in IEM

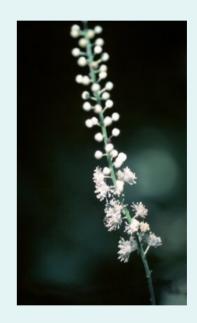
- Nutritional interventions a mainstay in management
- Diet (low Phe...) + individual ingredients (CoQ10, carnitine...)
 - Systematic evaluation for some, not all
- Supplements vs. drugs
 - Very different rules, processes
- Population use relies on benefits seen in patients with IEM



Dietary Supplement Research: Product Concerns

Product Concerns:

- Identification
- Characterization
- Reproducibility

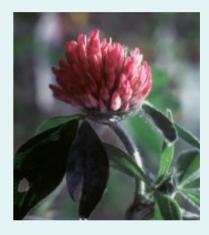


Black Cohosh Cimicifuga racemosa L.

Dietary Supplement Research: Protocol Concerns

Protocol Concerns:

- Population(s)
- Endpoints
- Dose
- Earlier Phase Studies



Red Clover Trifolium pratense



OFFICE OF DIETARY SUPPLEMENTS

Website: http://ods.od.nih.gov

Email: ods@nih.gov